verify, on a test basis, that the gaming operation is in material compliance with the tribal internal control standards or a tribally approved variance that has received Commission concurrence. The procedures may be performed in conjunction with the annual audit. The CPA shall report its findings to the Tribe, Tribal gaming regulatory authority, and management. The Tribe shall submit a copy of the report to the Commission within 120 days of the gaming operation's fiscal year end.

- (2) CPA Guidelines. In connection with the CPA testing pursuant to paragraph (f)(1) of this section, the Commission shall develop recommended CPA Guidelines available upon request.
- (g) Enforcement of Commission Minimum Internal Control Standards. (1) Each Tribal gaming regulatory authority is required to establish and implement internal control standards pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section. Each gaming operation is then required, pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, to develop and implement an internal control system that complies with the Tribal internal control standards. Failure to do so may subject the Tribal operator of the gaming operation, and/or the management contractor, to penalties under 25 U.S.C. 2713.
- (2) Recognizing that Tribes are the primary regulator of their gaming operation(s), enforcement action by the Commission will not be initiated under this part without first informing the Tribe and Tribal gaming regulatory authority of deficiencies in the internal controls of its gaming operation and allowing a reasonable period of time to address such deficiencies. Such prior notice and opportunity for corrective action is not required where the threat to the integrity of the gaming operation is immediate and severe.

§ 542.4 How do these regulations affect minimum internal control standards established in a Tribal-State compact?

(a) If there is a direct conflict between an internal control standard established in a Tribal-State compact and a standard or requirement set forth in this part, then the internal control standard established in a Tribal-State compact shall prevail.

- (b) If an internal control standard in a Tribal-State compact provides a level of control that equals or exceeds the level of control under an internal control standard or requirement set forth in this part, then the Tribal-State compact standard shall prevail.
- (c) If an internal control standard or a requirement set forth in this part provides a level of control that exceeds the level of control under an internal control standard established in a Tribal-State compact, then the internal control standard or requirement set forth in this part shall prevail.

§ 542.5 How do these regulations affect state jurisdiction?

Nothing in this part shall be construed to grant to a state jurisdiction in class II gaming or extend a state's jurisdiction in class III gaming.

§ 542.6 Does this part apply to small and charitable gaming operations?

- (a) *Small gaming operations.* This part shall not apply to small gaming operations provided that:
- (1) The Tribal gaming regulatory authority permits the operation to be exempt from this part;
- (2) The annual gross gaming revenue of the operation does not exceed \$1 million; and
- (3) The Tribal gaming regulatory authority develops and the operation complies with alternate procedures that:
- (i) Protect the integrity of games offered; and
- (ii) Safeguard the assets used in connection with the operation.
- (b) Charitable gaming operations. This part shall not apply to charitable gaming operations provided that:
- (1) All proceeds are for the benefit of a charitable organization;
- (2) The Tribal gaming regulatory authority permits the charitable organization to be exempt from this part;
- (3) The charitable gaming operation is operated wholly by the charitable organization's employees or volunteers;
- (4) The annual gross gaming revenue of the charitable gaming operation does not exceed \$100,000;

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- (i) Where the annual gross gaming revenues of the charitable gaming operation exceed \$100,000, but are less than \$1 million, paragraph (a) of this section shall also apply; and
 - (ii) [Reserved]
- (5) The Tribal gaming regulatory authority develops and the charitable gaming operation complies with alternate procedures that:
- (i) Protect the integrity of the games offered; and
- (ii) Safeguard the assets used in connection with the gaming operation.
- (c) *Independent operators*. Nothing in this section shall exempt gaming operations conducted by independent operators for the benefit of a charitable organization.

§ 542.7 What are the minimum internal control standards for bingo?

- (a) Computer applications. For any computer applications utilized, alternate documentation and/or procedures that provide at least the level of control described by the standards in this section, as approved by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority, will be acceptable.
- (b) Game play standards. (1) The functions of seller and payout verifier shall be segregated. Employees who sell cards on the floor shall not verify payouts with cards in their possession. Floor clerks who sell cards on the floor are permitted to announce the serial numbers of winning cards.
- (2) All sales of bingo cards shall be documented by recording at least the following:
 - (i) Date;
 - (ii) Shift (if applicable);
 - (iii) Session (if applicable);
 - (iv) Dollar amount;
- (v) Signature, initials, or identification number of at least one seller (if manually documented); and
- (vi) Signature, initials, or identification number of a person independent of the seller who has randomly verified the card sales (this requirement is not applicable to locations with \$1 million or less in annual write).
- (3) The total win and write shall be computed and recorded by shift (or session, if applicable).
- (4) The Tribal gaming regulatory authority, or the gaming operation as ap-

proved by the Tribal gaming regulatory authority, shall establish and the gaming operation shall comply with procedures that ensure the correct calling of numbers selected in the bingo game.

- (5) Each ball shall be shown to a camera immediately before it is called so that it is individually displayed to all customers. For speed bingo games not verified by camera equipment, each ball drawn shall be verified by a person independent of the bingo caller responsible for calling the speed bingo game.
- (6) For all coverall games and other games offering a payout of \$1,200 or more, as the balls are called the numbers shall be immediately recorded by the caller and maintained for a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours.
- (7) Controls shall be present to assure that the numbered balls are placed back into the selection device prior to calling the next game.
- (8) The authenticity of each payout shall be verified by at least two persons. A computerized card verifying system may function as the second person verifying the payout if the card with the winning numbers is displayed on a reader board.
- (9) Payouts in excess of \$1,200 shall require written approval, by personnel independent of the transaction, that the bingo card has been examined and verified with the bingo card record to ensure that the ticket has not been altered.
- (10) Total payout shall be computed and recorded by shift or session, if applicable.
- (c) Promotional payouts or awards. (1) If the gaming operation offers promotional payouts or awards, the payout form/documentation shall include the following information:
 - (i) Date and time;
- (ii) Dollar amount of payout or description of personal property (e.g., jacket, toaster, car, etc.), including fair market value;
 - (iii) Type of promotion; and
- (iv) Signature of at least one employee authorizing and completing the transaction.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (d) Accountability form. (1) All funds used to operate the bingo department